

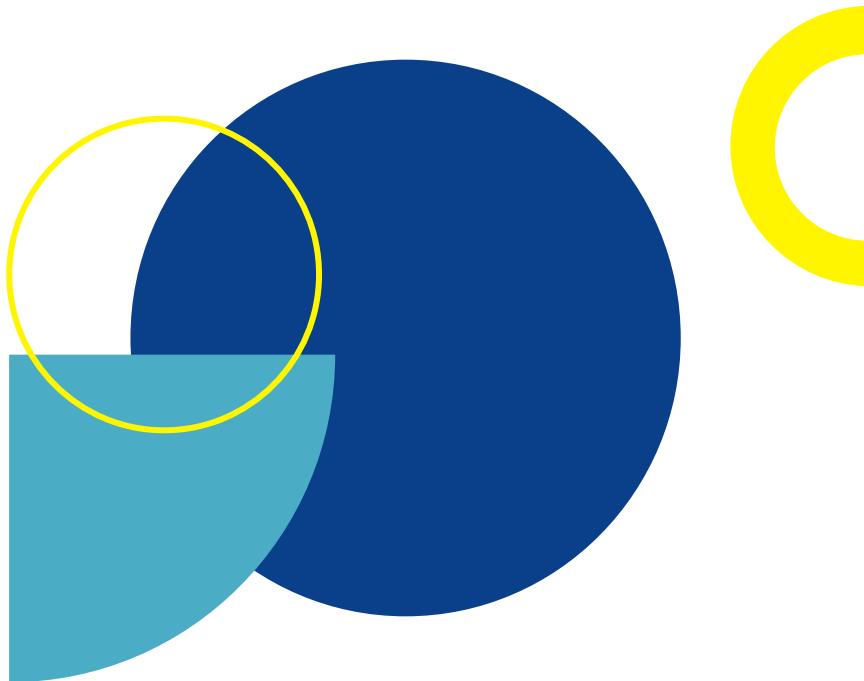




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FLAVONOID

Tim Penyusun

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PUSTAKA

Evans WC. Trease and Evans' Pharmacognosy. 16th Ed. London: Saunders Elsevier; 2009.

Heinrich M *et al.* 2010. Farmakognosi dan Fitoterapi. Jakarta. Penerbit Buku Ke dokteran: EGC.

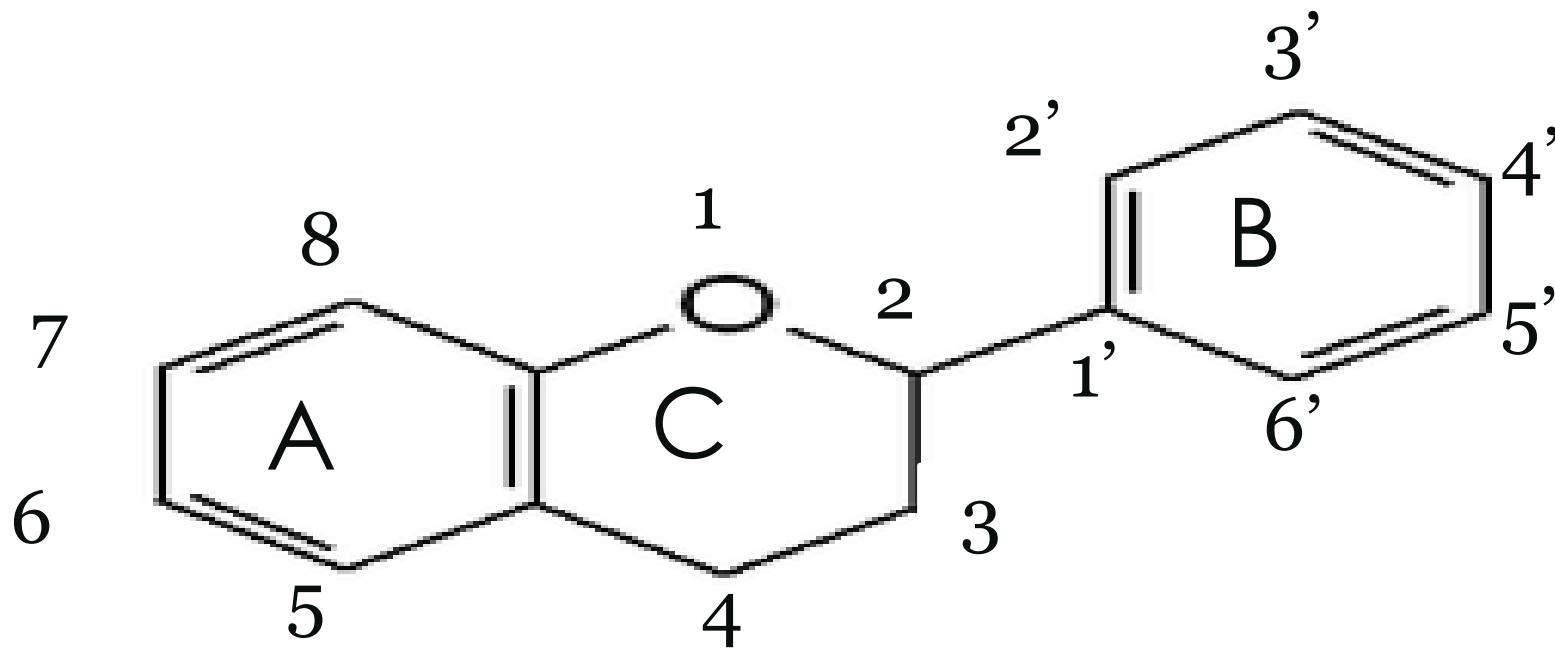


PENGERTIAN FLAVONOID

Flavonoid adalah senyawa yang terdiri dari 15 atom karbon yang umumnya tersebar di dunia tumbuhan. Lebih dari 2000 flavonoid yang berasal dari tumbuhan telah diidentifikasi.

Dan merupakan salah satu golongan fenol alam yang terbesar, dan terdapat dalam seluruh tumbuhan hijau.

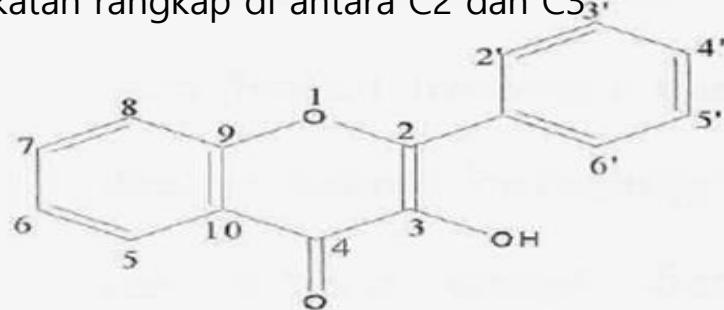
STRUKTUR UMUM FLAVONOID



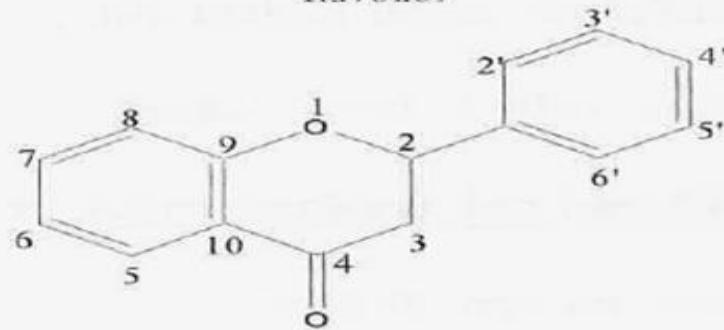
Penamaan dan penomeran flavonoid

OH → pada C3, Keton → C4

Ikatan rangkap di antara C2 & C3



flavonol

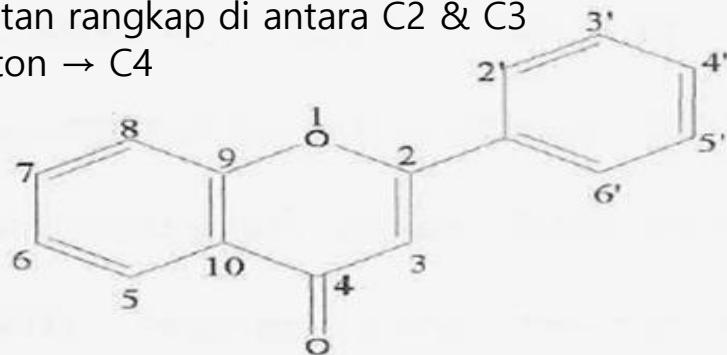


Flavanone

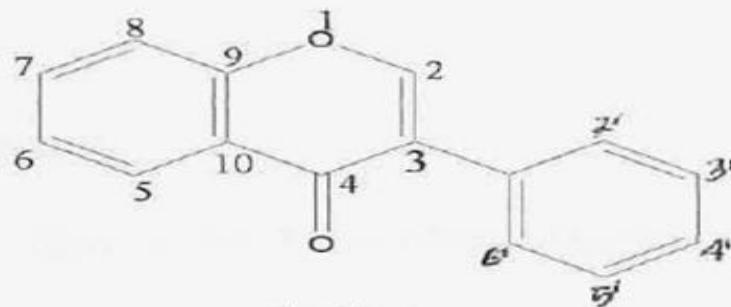
Tidak ada gugus hidroksil (flavan dan keton di C4)

Ikatan rangkap di antara C2 & C3

Keton → C4

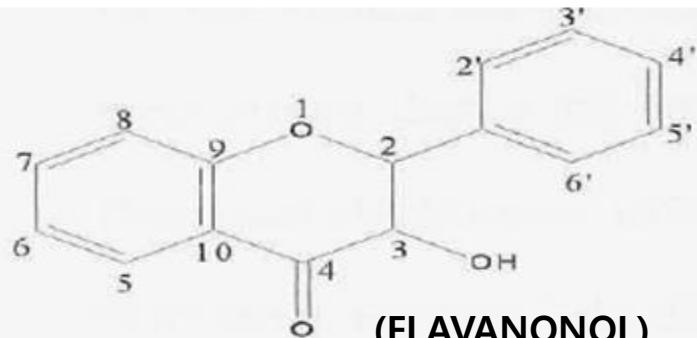


Flavon



isoflavon

= flavon, tetapi ikatan dengan cincin B pada C3

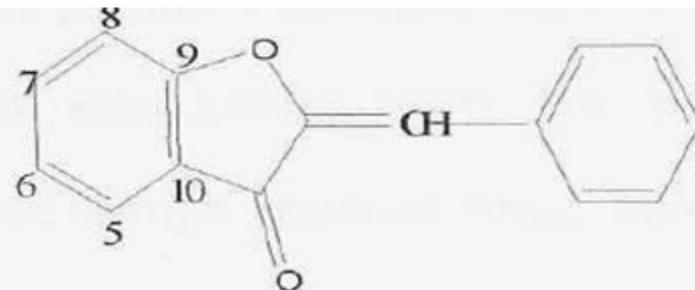


(FLAVANONOL)

= flavonol

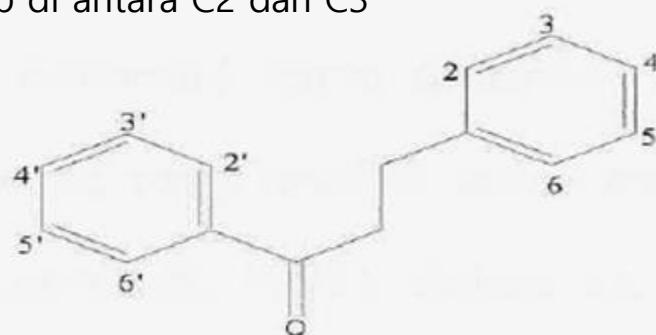
Dihidroflavonol

tapi tidak memiliki ikatan rangkap di antara C2 dan C3



Salah satu propannya tidak membentuk heterosiklik

Auron

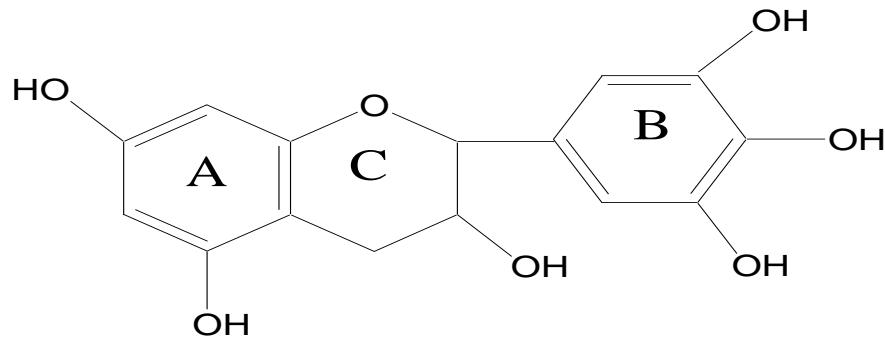


Khalkon

Satu-satunya yang propannya tidak membentuk heterosiklik.

CONTOH SOAL PENAMAAN

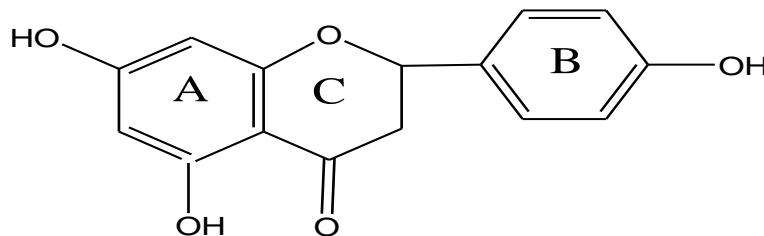
GALLOCATHECHIN



PENAMAAN :

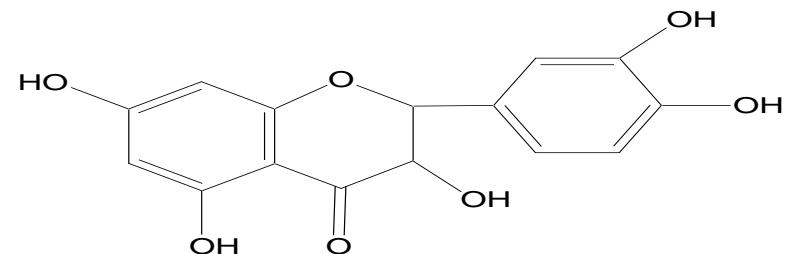
CONTOH SOAL PENAMAAN

NARINGENIN



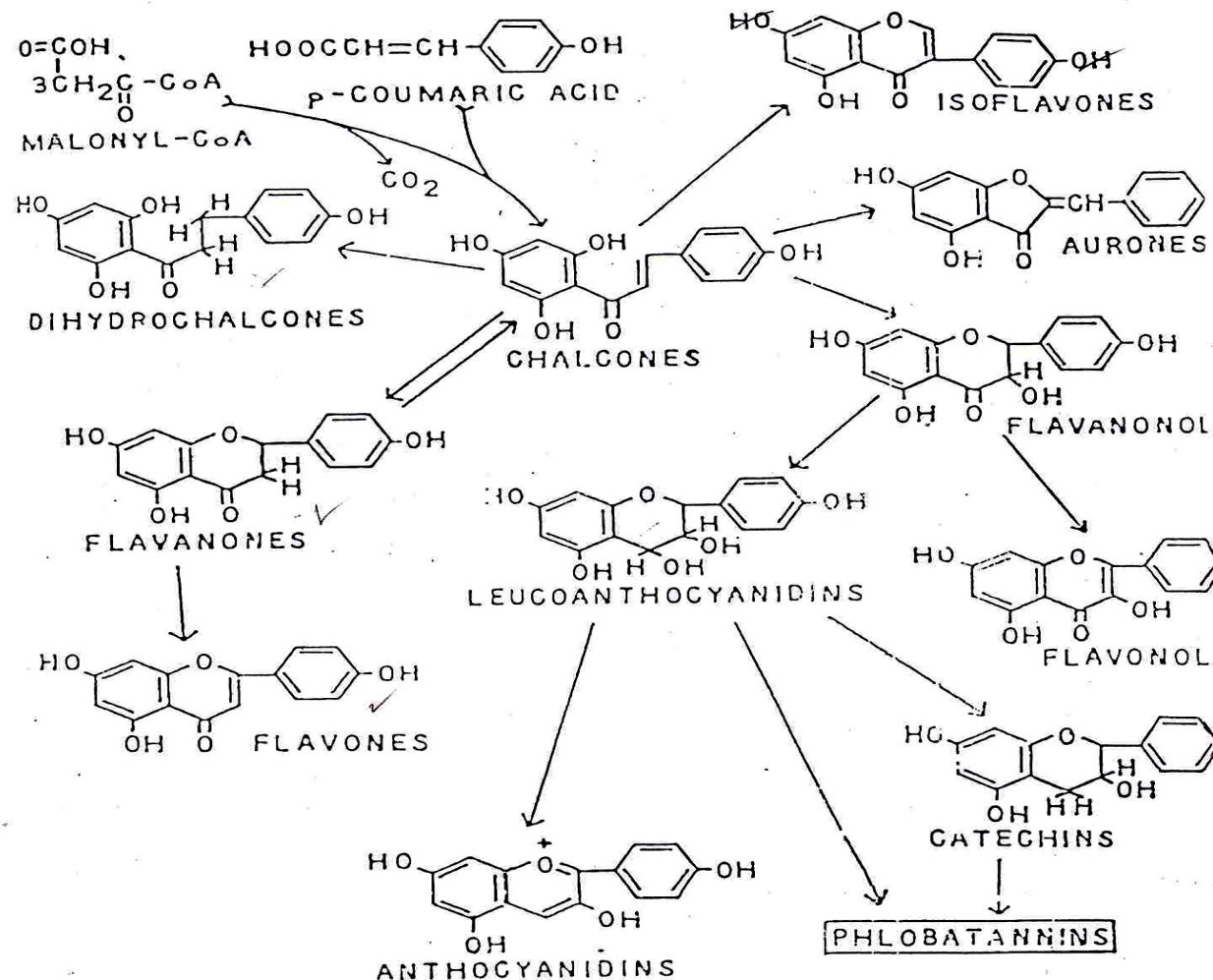
TAKSIFOLIN

PENAMAAN:



Biosintesa Flavonoid

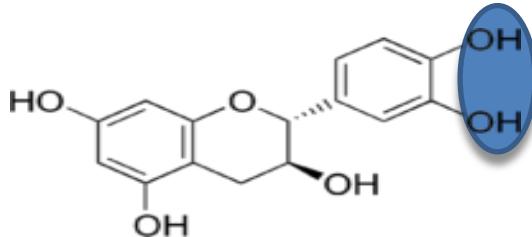
Senyawa **flavonoid** merupakan senyawa **fenolik alam** yang tersebar merata dalam dunia tumbuh-tumbuhan, tidak terdapat dalam mikroorganisme, bakteri, alga, jamur dan lumut. Sebagian besar senyawa flavonoid dalam **bentuk glikosida** dan juga **sebagai aglikon**. Dalam bentuk **glikosida** nya **flavonoid larut dalam air dan sedikit larut dalam pelarut organik**. Struktur senyawa flavonoid secara biosintesis berasal dari **penggabungan jalur sikimat C6-C3 (cincin A) dan jalur malonat** seperti yang disajikan berikut ini :



PENGGOLONGAN FLAVONOID, menurut Swain(1976) dan Geissman(1962) :

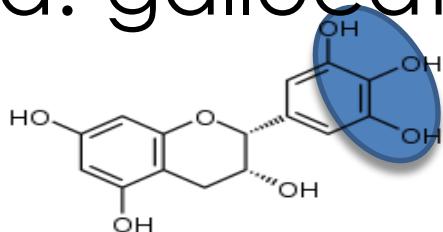
1. Cathecin/ Proanthocynidin
2. Flavanol, Flavanon, Flavanonol
3. Flavone, Flavonol
4. Isoflavon
5. Anthocyanin
6. Auron
7. Chalcon

1. Cathecin/ Proanthocyanidin

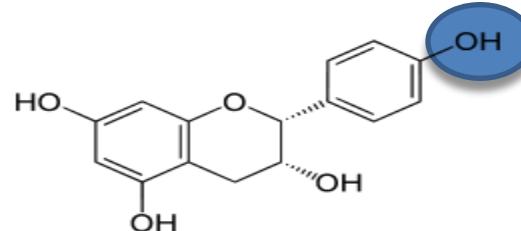


Dilihat dari pengaruh gugus hidroksil, contoh cathecin yaitu:

a. gallocathecin

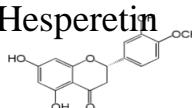
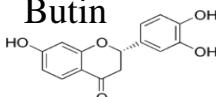
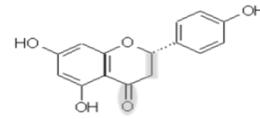
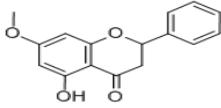
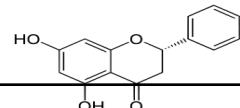


b. Afzelechin

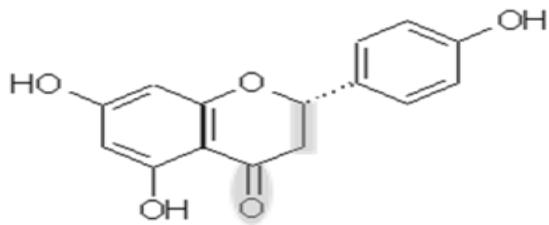


epigallocatechin (EGC), gallocatechin (GC) dan gallocatechin gallate (GCG) yang semuanya merupakan komponen utama teh hijau.



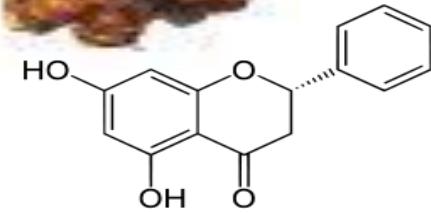
| Golongan Flavonoid | Contoh | Bagian Tanaman | Nama Tanaman |
|-----------------------|---|----------------|--|
| Flavanon | Hesperetin  | Buah | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Citrus Aurantium L.</i> |
| | Butin  | Biji | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Vernonia anthelmintica</i> |
| | Naringenin  | Buah | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Citrus lemon</i> |
| | Pinostrobin  | Tunas | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Boesenbergia pandurata;</i> • <i>Populus balsamiferaL.</i> |
| | Pinocembrin  | Fruit peel | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Goniothalamus shortchinii</i> |

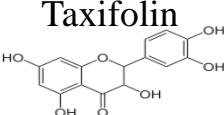
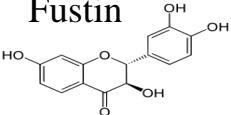
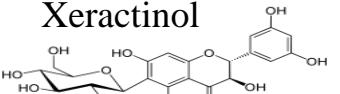
2. FLAVANON



Contoh : Naringenin
Terdapat pada : buah Citrus
lemon

Contoh: Pinocembrin
Terdapat pada tunas
Boesenbergia pandurata;

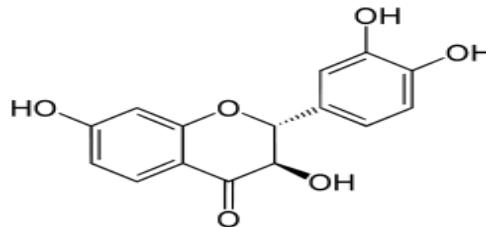


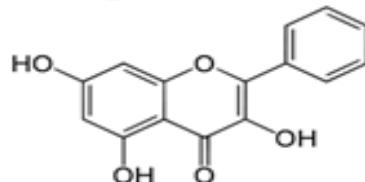
| Golongan Flavonoid | Contoh | Bagian Tanaman | Nama Tanaman |
|--------------------|---|----------------|--|
| Flavanonol | <p>Taxifolin</p>  | Buah | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Euterpe oleracea</i> ; • <u>Siberian larch</u> (<i>Larix sibirica</i>) |
| | <p>Fustin</p>  | Pohon | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Cotinus coggygria</i>; • <u>Toxicodendron vernicifluum</u> (<i>Rhus verniciflua</i>) |
| | <p>Xeractinol</p>  | Daun | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u><i>Paepalanthus argenteus</i></u> |

2. FLAVANONOL

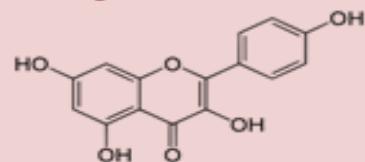


Contoh : Fustin
Terdapat pada :
Pohon *Cotinus coggygria*



Flavonol**Galangin****Akar**

- *Alpinia galangal*

Kaempferol

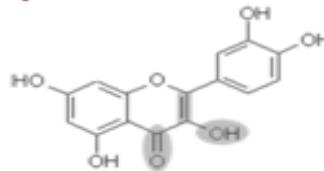
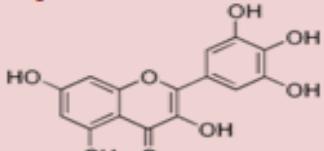
Buah;
Daun

- *Fragaria xananassa*
- *Camellia sinensis*
- *Crocus sativus L.*

Quercetin

Umbi

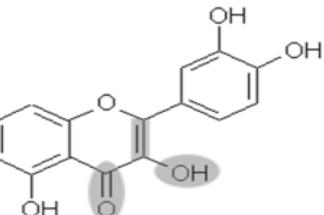
- *Alium cepa*

**Myricetin****Papyril flavonol A**

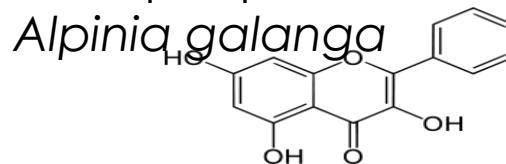
3. FLAVONOL

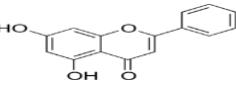
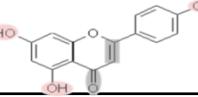
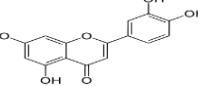
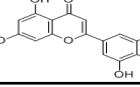
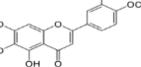
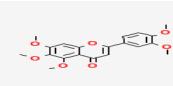
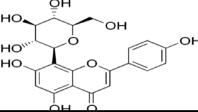
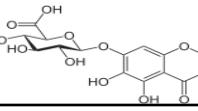
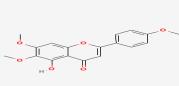


Contoh : Quercetin
Terdapat pada : Umbi
Allium cepa



Contoh : Galangin
Terdapat pada : akar
Alpinia galanga

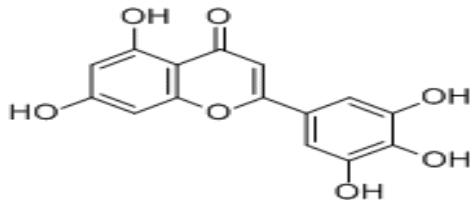
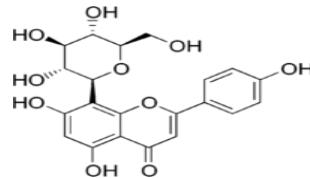


| | | | | |
|---------------|-------------|--|-------------------|--|
| Flavon | Chrysin |  | Bunga | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Passiflora caerulea</i>; • <i>Oroxylum indicum</i> |
| | Apigenin |  | Daun; Propolis | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Apium graveolens</i>; • <i>C. Sublineolum</i> |
| | Luteolin |  | Daun | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Salvia tomentosa</i> |
| | Tricetin |  | Serbuk sari | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Eucalyptus globulus</i> |
| | Eupatorin |  | Daun | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Orthosiphon stamineus</i> |
| | Sinensetin |  | Daun | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Orthosiphon stamineus</i> |
| | Vitexin |  | Bunga; Daun | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Vitex agnus-castus</i>; • <i>Phyllostachys nigra</i> |
| | Scutellarin |  | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Scutellaria barbata</i> |
| | Salvigenin |  | Daun | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Salvina triloba</i> |
| | Kuwanon C | | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Morus australis</i> • <i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i> |

3. FLAVON

Contoh: Vitexin

Terdapat pada: Bunga dan daun
Vitex agnus-castus;



Contoh : Tricetin

Terdapat pada : Serbuk sari *Eucalyptus globulus*



Contoh: Sinensetin

Terdapat pada: Daun

Orthosiphon stamineus

| | | | |
|-------------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| IsoFlavone | Genistein [5,7-Dihydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl) chromen-4-one] | Bunga, biji | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Trifolium pratense</i> (Red clover) <i>Glycine max (L.) Merrill</i> atau Soybean |
| | Daidzein [7-Hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphe nyl) chromen-4-one] | Bunga, biji, akar | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Trifolium pratense</i> (Red clover) <i>Glycine max (L.) Merrill</i> atau Soybean <i>legume Pueraria labata</i> (kudzu) |
| | Formononetin (Biochanin B) [7-Hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyph enyl) chromen-4-one] | Bunga,Tunas, rimpang, | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Trifolium pratense</i> (Red clover) <i>Black cohosh</i> <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> (tunas) |
| | Sophoricoside [5,7-Dihydroxy-3-[4-[(2S,3R,4S,5S,6R)-3,4,5-trihydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)oxan-2-yl]oxyphenyl]chromen-4-one] | Buah, daun | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Sophora japonica</i> (Leguminosae family) <i>Styphnolobiumjaponicum</i> (Pagodatree) |
| | Glabridin | Akar | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Glicirrhiza glabra</i> |
| | Isosophoranone | Akar | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Echinosophora koreensis</i> <i>Sophora microphilla</i> <i>Phaseolus lunatus</i> |
| | Biochanin A [C ₁₆ H ₁₂ O ₅] | Bunga dan biji | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Trifolium pratense</i> (Red clover) <i>Glycine max (L.) Merrill</i> atau Soybean |

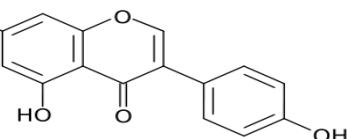
ISOFLAVONE



Pada tanaman

Trifolium pratense (Red clover)

Contoh :



Genistein

[5,7-Dihydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl) chromen-4-one]

- *Glycine max (L.) Merrill* atau Soy bean



| | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| Anthocyanine | Aurantanidine | Bunga , buah | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Hibiscus mutabilis L.</i> (Waru landak) • <i>Strawbery</i> • <i>Impatiens aurantiaca (Balsaminaceae)</i> |
| | Cyanidine | Bunga, buah, biji | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Punica granatum (delima)</i> • <i>Hibiscus mutabilis L.</i> (Waru landak) • <i>Strawbery</i> • <i>Myrica rubra</i> • <i>Blackcurrent</i> • <i>Azolla imbricata</i> • <i>Impatiens balsamina Linn(pacar air)</i> |
| | Delphinididine | Bunga, biji, buah | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Punica granatum (delima)</i> • <i>Hibiscus mutabilis L.</i> (Waru landak) • <i>Blackcurrent</i> • <i>Impatiens balsamina Linn(pacar air)</i> |
| | Europinididine | Bunga | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Hibiscus mutabilis L.</i> (Waru landak) |
| | Luteolinididine | Bunga | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Hibiscus mutabilis L.</i> (Waru landak) • <i>Azolla imbricata</i> • <i>Azolla japonica</i> • <i>Azolla mexicana</i> |

Lanjutan Anthocyanine

| | | | |
|--|---------------|-------------|--|
| | Pelargonidine | Bunga | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Punica granatum</i> (<i>delima</i>)• <i>Hibiscus mutabilis L.</i> (<i>Waru landak</i>)• <i>Impatiens balsamina Linn</i>(<i>pacar air</i>) |
| | Malvidine | Bunga | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Hibiscus mutabilis L.</i> (<i>Waru landak</i>)• <i>Oryza sativa</i> cv. <i>Heugjinjubyeo</i>• <i>Impatiens balsamina Linn</i>(<i>pacar air</i>) |
| | Peonidine | Bunga | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Hibiscus mutabilis L.</i> (<i>Waru landak</i>)• <i>Cyclamen persicum</i> |
| | Petuinidine | Bunga, buah | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Hibiscus mutabilis L.</i> (<i>Waru landak</i>)• (<i>Aronia</i> sp)• <i>Saskatoon berries</i> (<i>Amelanchier alnifolia</i>) |
| | Rosinidine | Bunga | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Hibiscus mutabilis L.</i> (<i>Waru landak</i>)• <i>Catharanthus roseus</i> |

5. ANTHOCYANINE



Contoh : Auntarantanidine
Terdapat pada:
Hibiscus mutabilis L.
(Waru landak)

6. Auron

| | | | |
|-------|------------|-------|---|
| Auron | Sulpuretin | Bunga | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Rhus verniciflua Stokes (Anacardiaceae)</i> |
| | Aureusidin | Bunga | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Antirrhinum majus (Garden snapdragon)</i> |
| | Leptosin | Bunga | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Mussaenda hirsutissima; (Rubiaceae)</i>• <i>Zinnia linearis, (Compositae)</i>• <i>Flemengiastrobilifera.</i> |

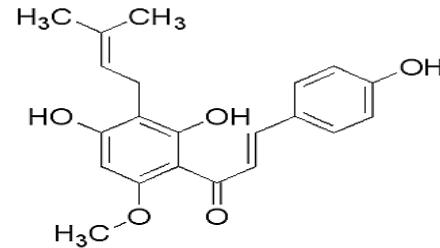
6. Auron



Contoh: Sulfuretin
Terdapat pada :
Dahlia variabilis

7. Chalcone

| | | | |
|----------|-------------|------|---------------------------------|
| Chalcone | Xanthohumol | Daun | <i>Hop (Humuluslupulus L.)</i> |
|----------|-------------|------|---------------------------------|



Xanthohumol-The Master Molecule



- Micronutrient that inhibits disease-causing enzymes
- Broad impact on a wide range of metabolic conditions
- Introduced by Oregon State University 10 years ago
- **The most powerful anti-cancer substance up to date**

---Fred Stevenson---

- Extracted from Hops
- Beer contains a very small amount of XN but destroyed during the manufacturing process

| No. | Golongan flavonoid | Polaritas | Kelarutan | Pengaruh asam | Pengaruh basa |
|-----|--------------------|------------|-----------------------------|---|----------------|
| 1. | Cathechin | Polar | Larut dalam air | antosianidin | - |
| 2. | Leukoanthosianidin | Polar | Larut dalam air | Menjadi antosianidin | - |
| 3. | Flavanon | Semi polar | Larut dalam pelarut organik | - | Menjadi kalkon |
| 4. | Flavanonol | | | | |
| 5. | Flavon | Semi polar | Larut dalam air panas | Bentuk glikosida terhidrolisis menjadi aglikon dan gula | - |
| 6. | Anthosianidin | Polar | Larut dalam air | Menjadi ion flavilium (kation) | - |
| 7. | Flavonol | Semi polar | Larut dalam air panas | | |

Bioaktivitas Flavonoid

| No | Golongan | Flavonoid | Bioaktivitas |
|----|------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Flavon | 7,8 - dhidroksiflavon | Anti bakteri (<i>staphylococcus epidermidis</i>) |
| | | Luteolin, Apigenin | Komponen dari virgin olive oil yang berfungsi sebagai anti oksidan |
| | | Luteolin, Apigenin | Menghambat pertumbuhan sel tumor |
| 2 | Flavanonol | Taxifolin | antioksidan, anti inflamasi, xantin inhibitor |
| | | Kaempferol | Anti kanker |
| | | Quercetin | Antihepatotoksik, anti tumor, anti oksidan, anti diare, anti virus |
| 3 | Flavanon | Rutin, hesperidin | Menghambat proliferative sel (anti kanker, lemah) |
| | | Eryodictiol | Neuroprotective |
| | | hesperidin, naringin, narirutin | Antioksidan (terdapat pada kulit jeruk) |

Bioaktivitas Flavonoid (lanjutan)

| No | Golongan | Flavonoid | Bioaktivitas |
|----|------------|---------------|---|
| 4 | Isoflavon | Genistein | Anti oksidan & Anti tumor, anti fungi |
| | | Rutenone | Insektisida, anti protozoa |
| 5 | Flavon | Luteolin | Anti diare & Anti inflamasi |
| | | Apigenin | Anti bakteri, anti inflamasi, diuretik |
| | | Amentoflavone | Inhibitor yang poten terhadap nukleotida phosphodiesterase.Anti fungi. |
| 6 | Flavanol | Katekin | Anti kanker |
| | | Epikatekin | Anti diare |
| | | Myricetin | Aktifitas antigenadotropik yang kuat.Anti bakteri terhadap Pseudomonas maltophilia dan Enteromorpha cloaceae. |
| 7 | Flavanonol | Taxifolin | |
| 8 | Flavonon | Butein | Inhibitor NADH oksidase dan suksinosidase. |
| | | Farrerol | Expectorant |
| | | Hesperetin | Anti bakteri dan anti viral. |
| | | Naringenin | Anti bakteri, anti hepato toxic, anti peroxidative, anti spasmodik,anti ulcer dan anti fungi. |